

<p>Year Group</p> 	<h1><u>YEAR 4</u></h1>
<p><u>Autumn 1</u></p>	<p><b><u>Number – Place Value</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•count in multiples of 25 and 1000</li> <li>•find 1000 more or less than a given number</li> <li>•count backwards through zero to include negative numbers</li> <li>•recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number</li> <li>•order and compare numbers beyond 1000</li> <li>•round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000</li> <li>•identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representation</li> <li>•read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Number – Addition and Subtraction</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</li> <li>•estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</li> <li>•solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</li> <li>•Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers, number and place value</li> </ul>
<p><u>Autumn 2</u></p>	<p><b><u>Measurement-Length and Perimeter</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Convert between different units of measure, estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence</li> <li>•measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Number- Multiplication and Division</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths</li> <li>•count in multiples of 6, 7, 9,</li> <li>•recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to <math>12 \times 12</math></li> <li>•use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1;</li> </ul>
<p><u>Spring 1</u></p>	<p><b><u>Number – Multiplication and Division</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to <math>12 \times 12</math></li> <li>•multiplying together three numbers</li> <li>•recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations</li> <li>•multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout</li> <li>•divide two-digit and three digit numbers by a one-digit number</li> <li>•estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</li> <li>•solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects</li> </ul>

	<p><b><u>Measurement - Area</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Number - Fractions</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions</li> <li>•count up and down in hundredths;</li> <li>•add fractions with the same denominator</li> </ul>
<b><u>Spring 2</u></b>	<p><b><u>Number-Fractions</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•subtract fractions with the same denominator</li> <li>•solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number</li> <li>•recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten.</li> <li>•recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths</li> <li>•find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths</li> <li>•solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places</li> </ul>
<b><u>Summer 1</u></b>	<p><b><u>Number - Decimals</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number</li> <li>•compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places</li> <li>•recognise and write decimal equivalents to <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> and <math>\frac{3}{4}</math></li> <li>•solve simple measure problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Measurement – Money and Time</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Convert between different units of measure-pounds and pence</li> <li>•solve simple money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places</li> <li>•read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks</li> <li>•Convert between different units of measure (e.g. Hours to minutes)</li> <li>•solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days</li> <li>•solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</li> <li>•solve problems involving multiplying and adding</li> </ul>
<b><u>Summer 2</u></b>	<p><b><u>Statistics</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs</li> <li>•solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Geometry-Properties of Shape and Position and Direction</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on properties and sizes</li> <li>•identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size</li> <li>•identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations</li> <li>•complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry</li> <li>•describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</li> <li>•describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down</li> <li>•plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon</li> </ul>

<p><b><u>Continuous objectives</u></b></p>	<p>The continuous objectives are woven into the teaching continually during the year. Children are given continual and regular opportunities to apply their knowledge to problem solving and reasoning.</p> <p>Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers, number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</li> <li>• solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why</li> <li>• solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects</li> <li>• solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number</li> <li>• solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places</li> <li>• solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days</li> </ul>
<p><b><u>Key Basic skills to be taught continuously through the year</u></b></p>	<p>Count from zero in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 using bridging strategies as appropriate</p> <p>Use knowledge of complements to 100 to find change from whole pounds</p> <p>Use knowledge of complements to 60 to calculate time within an hour</p> <p>Recall multiplication facts and related division facts for tables up to 12 x 12</p> <p>Read and write numbers up to 10 000 and recognise the place value of each digit</p> <p>Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number</p> <p>Compare and order numbers up to 10 000</p> <p>Partition numbers into place value columns</p> <p>Partition numbers in different ways</p> <p>Round any four-digit number to the nearest 10, 100 and 1000</p> <p>Use rounding to support estimation and calculation</p> <p>Use knowledge of place value to derive new addition and subtraction facts</p> <p>Use knowledge of inverse to derive associated addition and subtraction facts and check answers</p> <p>Double any number between 1 and 100 and find all corresponding halves</p> <p>Add and subtract mentally <math>\text{THTU} \pm \text{U}</math>, <math>\text{THTU} \pm \text{T}</math>, <math>\text{THTU} \pm \text{H}</math>, <math>\text{TU} \pm \text{TU}</math> and <math>\text{HTU} \pm \text{TU}</math></p> <p>Multiply numbers including decimals by 10 and 100</p> <p>Divide decimal numbers (to one decimal place) by 10</p> <p>Divide four-digit whole numbers by 100</p> <p>Use knowledge of inverse to derive associated multiplication and division facts</p> <p>Use known facts to derive new facts</p> <p>Use known facts to derive equivalent facts</p> <p>Count up and down in tenths and hundredths and recognise the equivalent decimal values</p> <p>Recall fraction and decimal pairs to 1</p> <p>Identify fractions greater or less than a half</p> <p>Identify equivalent fractions</p> <p>Order, add and subtract fractions with the same denominator</p> <p>Recognise decimal equivalents of fractions with a denominator of ten and one hundred and also decimal equivalents of half, one quarter and three quarters</p>

	<p>Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number</p> <p>Tell and write the time from a 12-hour analogue clock and a clock with Roman numerals and a digital clock display</p> <p>Read, tell and write the time from a 24-hour clock</p> <p>Convert between 12 and 24-hour clocks</p> <p>Convert between money and measures including time</p> <p>Recognise right angles, straight angles, half and full turns and relate the turn to a measurement in degrees</p> <p>Identify different types of angles including acute and obtuse</p>
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