



Vocabulary Progression 2023-2024

Subject: Geography



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 1	Can you plan a route around school for a visitor? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Aerial view• Bird's eye view• Co-ordinate• Distance• Map• North, South, East, West• Route• Symbol			What is the UK? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Country• United Kingdom• Aerial view• Aerial photographs• Landmarks• Human features• Physical features• Weather patterns• Seasonal		
Year 2	What would we see as we go around the world? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Coast• Equator• Land• Ocean• Sea			Can you describe how life is different in Beijing? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Beach• Cliff• Factory• Forest• Harbour• Hill• Mountain• Office• Pollution• Port• Soil• Vegetation		
Year 3	What are the similarities and differences between the Rivers Severn and the River Indus? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Condensation• Current• Dam• Delta• Erosion• Estuary• Evaporation• Farming• Floodplain• Flow• Gases• Meander• Mountain• Mouth• Reservoir• Run-off• Source• Stream• Transpiration• Tributary		How are settlements similar and different? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Adapt• Airport• Boroughs• Cathedral• Church• Coastal town• Conurbation• Facilities• Farmstead• Hamlet• Inhabitants• Large hospitals• Market town• Post office• Primary school• Pub• Railway station• Rural• Secondary school• Sprawling• Tube		How do volcanoes affect a place? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Active• After Shock• Amplitude• Ash Cloud• Core• Crater• Crust• Dormant• Epicentre• Eruption• Extinct• Faults• Hot spots• Landslides• Magma• Magnitude• Mantle• Plate• Plate tectonics• Richter Scale• Ring of fire	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Water Vapour <p>How do mountains interact with what is around them?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Above sea level• Hill• Mountain Range• Mountainous Regions• Pass• Peak• Range• Slopes• Summit• Temperature• Terraced Farming• Terraces• Tourism• Valleys	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Underground• University• Urban settlement• Urban sprawl• Village green• Village hall <p>How are we connected to farmers?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Agriculture• Arable farming• Dairy farmers• Fertilisers• Forests• Graze• Growing season• Hedges• Local vegetarian• Marshlands• Mixed farming• Organic food• Pastoral farming• Pesticides• Plough• Seasonal food• Shorn• Vegan• Yields	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Seismic Waves• Seismology• Tectonic activity• Velocity• Vent• Volcanic Ash <p>How does the climate affect the way people live?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Arctic Ocean• Atlantic Ocean• Biomes• Ecosystem• Global Warming• Gulf• Landlocked• Mediterranean Sea• Mild• Polar• Rainforest• Regions• Savanna• Tropical• Tundra
Year 4	<p>How do humans use the Rhine and the Mediterranean?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Alps• bank• banks• canal• Cologne• drained• enclosed• exporting• flood walls• flooding• harness• importing• lock• Lower Rhine confluence• mainland• North Sea• peninsula• port• rainfall• Red Sea• Rhine• sea• strait• Suez Canal• the med• Upper Rhine• waterway• wetlands	<p>How does the location of west Wales affect its coast?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• arch• bay• Cardigan Bay• cave• cliffs• coastline• coral reefs• deposit• depositing• deposition• Erosion• fossils• groynes• habitat• headland• Jurassic Coast• landforms• preserved• rock pools• sand dunes• shingle• stack• teeming• transport• transportation• Waves <p>How do tourists interact with a place?</p>	<p>What are the pros and cons of living near a tectonic fault line?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• absorb• aftershocks• devastate• drill• earthquake• environment• epicentre• fault line• focus• friction• immediate effects• landslide• liquid mud• long -term effects• magnitude• plate boundary• prone• Richter scale• rubber• rubble• San Andreas fault• seismic waves• seismogram• seismograph• seven major plates• subsidence• tectonic plates• tidal wave

	<p>How do populations differ from place to place?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• British identity• census• Cymraeg• densely populated• density• diverse• Eisteddfod• ethnic• ethnically diverse• ethnicity• floral• high population density• low population density• migration• minted• population• population• population distribution• rural• rural to urban migration• sparsely populated• urban• Wales• Welsh	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• accommodation• activity• advantage• air pollution• airlines• airports• apartments• coral reef• cultural income• deckchair• destination• disadvantages• economy• ecotourism• environment• guest houses• hotels• Llandudno• mainland• Matterhorn• maximum• minimum• package holidays• paddle• pier amusements• promenade• Punch and Judy• sandcastle• seaside• seaside towns• services• ski-lift• skis• ski-slope• souvenirs• sunshine holiday• sustainability• sustainable• tourism• tourist industry• tourists• travel agencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Trembling• tremors• tsunami• visible <p>Why are deserts located where they are?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Antarctica• arid• blubber• cacti• cactus• camels• chameleon• dehydrated• desert• desertification• desolate• divert• drought• exceeds• exposes• extinct• fauna• feature• flora• Great Steppe• herd• hostile• hydrated• lichen• lush• meerkat• modern• nocturnal• non-productive• nutrients• oases• oasis• obtain• overfarming• overgrazing• Patagonia• penguins• physical• Plummet• polar bears• portable• prevent• productive• rain• Sahara Desert• Sahel• sand dunes• semi-arid• shadow• Silk Road• spines• steppe
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Year 5	<p>How have the actions of people affected the drought in California?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• precipitation• treated• California• Drought• almonds• factors• rainfall• water supply• Aqueduct <p>How can oceans affect human behaviour and settlements?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Atlantic Ocean• World Ocean• the Atlantic• Pacific Ocean• north pole• south pole• nearly enclosed• salinity• transported• trade• maritime trade• manufactured goods• quantities• freight• maritime shipping routes• ocean currents• warm currents• cold currents• gyres• phytoplankton• Atlantic coast• oceanic• earthquakes• tsunami• Caribbean• hurricanes• wind stream• regulates• fossil fuels• Aral Sea• drift-net fishing• marine life	<p>Why do people migrate?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• populated• descended• migrants• inlet• Mourne Mountains• Newry• Remote• enquiry• internal migration• international migration• border controls• pull factors• push factors• voluntary commute• involuntary• forced• abandon• enquiries• check in• passport control• adjust• self-reliant• emigrated• immigrant• engulfing• temporary• United Nations High Commission for Refugees (UNHCR)• displaced• permanent• flee• persecution• refugees• official• officially• asylum-seekers• mechanisation• expansion• demand• Fens• family tree• depopulation• identity• scale• neighbourhood• dual nationality• belonging <p>What are the pros and cons of living in a megacity?</p>	<p>In what ways does the geography of South America affect life in the Amazon?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• situated• basin• piranha• ecosystem• interact• canopy• orchids• emergents• drenched• humid• habitat• buttress• camouflage• predators• Anteater• termite• food chain• micro-organisms• interactions• nutrients• nutrient cycle• decomposition• compost• decomposers• carbon cycle• companies• deforestation• ranching• deforested• conflict• power• Yanomami <p>How does agriculture in the Amazon interact with other parts of the world?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ayore• garabatá• dye• clearing• mass• produce• products• subsistence• commercial• scale• profit• wholesalers

		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• North America• South America• Central America• combined• population• Canada• northerly• Brazil• megacity• New York City• natural• disasters• Lima• Sustain• São Paulo• Tropic of Capricorn• Rio de Janeiro• Christ the Redeemer• populous• the Americas• makeshift• favelas• grid• locate• eastings• northings• four-figure grid reference• favela• outskirts• Sewers• stereotypes• portrayed• favelado	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• primary• raw materials• secondary• manufacturing• tertiary• interconnected• demand• supply• adequate• cattle• recent• colonised• trans-national• companies• brands• flow• diagrams• globalisation• geographical• enquiry• analyse• findings• interconnection• questionnaire
Year 6	Where on Earth are we? Antarctic Circle Antarctica Arctic Circle Biomes Compare Contrast Differences Equator Glaciers Greenwich Meridian Hemisphere Latitude Longitude Poles Prime Meridian Scandinavia Settlement Similarities Tropic of Cancer Tropic of Capricorn Tropics Tundra	Why does the earth shake rattle and roll? Climate zone Earthquakes Inhospitable Landscape Location Natural disaster Regions Richter Temperature Tornado Tsunami Volcanoes Water cycle Weather	Where should we go on holiday? Blizzard Drought Hurricane Magnitude Mainland Seismograph Surface Tectonic Plates Tornado